



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS Washington, D.C. 20231 www.usplo.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/690,330	10/17/2000	Hironori Kikkawa	NEC 00FN054	3479
7:	590 09/11/2002			
Hayes Soloway Hennessey Grossman & Hage PC			EXAMINER	
175 Canal Stree Manchester, NI	-		DUONG, THOI V	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2871	
			DATE MAILED: 09/11/2002	!

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	($\overline{}$	<i>/</i> \
	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	09/690,330	KIKKAWA ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Thoi V Duong	2871	
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap	ppears on the cover sh t v	vith th correspondence addr ss -	•
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a replif NO period for reply specified above, the maximum statutory period. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by status. - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status		reply be timely filed rty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this communica BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	tion.
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 01	July 2002 .		
	his action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allow	vance except for formal ma	atters, prosecution as to the merit	s is
closed in accordance with the practice under Disposition of Claims	r <i>Ex par</i> te Quayle, 1935 C	.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.	
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>12-19</u> is are pending in the application	ion.		
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	awn from consideration.		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>12-15 and 18</u> is/are rejected.			
7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>16,17 and 19</u> is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	or election requirement.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin			
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce	•		
Applicant may not request that any objection to to 11) The proposed drawing correction filed on			
If approved, corrected drawings are required in re		uisapproved by the Examiner.	
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
13)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig	n priority under 35 H.S.C.	8 119(a)-(d) or (f)	
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:	griphority under 00 0.0.0.	3 113(4) (4) 51 (1).	
1.⊠ Certified copies of the priority documen	nts have been received		
Certified copies of the priority document		Application No.	
3. Copies of the certified copies of the price			
application from the International B * See the attached detailed Office action for a lis	ureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	•	
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domes	tic priority under 35 U.S.C	. § 119(e) (to a provisional application	ation).
 a) The translation of the foreign language pr 15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domes 	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
Attachment(s)			
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 	5) 🔲 Notice o	Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)	- ·

Application/Control Number: 09/690,330

Art Unit: 2871

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-8 which have been rewritten as new claims 12-19 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground (s) of rejection. With respect to the Mizobata's reference, Applicant argued that Mizobata does not teach or suggest the solution of the present invention to shorten the optical path length from the origin of scattering to the color layers and that Mizobata shows a structure which has a color filter provided on the opposing substrate and is quite different from the structure of the present invention. The Examiner disagrees with the Applicant's remarks because Mizobata's structure can be either for a monochrome reflective LCD apparatus or for a color reflective LCD apparatus (col. 5, lines 64-67 and col. 6, lines 1-2) and also, as shown in Fig. 4, Mizobata shows an opposite substrate having a similar structure as the present invension. Accordingly, Applicant's Prior Art Fig. 2, which discloses a color filter provided on the driving element formation substrate. in combination with Mizobata's reference, which discloses a light scattering mechanism provided on the liquid crystal side surface of the opposite substrate, would teach or suggest the same solution of the present invention to shorten the optical path length from the origin of scattering to the color layers.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

⁽a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the



Art Unit: 2871

invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 12-15 and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Applicant's Prior Art Fig. 2 in view of Mizobata et al. (USPN 5,724,111).

As shown in Fig. 2, Applicant's Prior Art discloses a reflection-type color liquid crystal display apparatus comprising:

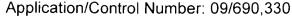
a liquid crystal driving element formation substrate 101 on which a liquid crystal driving element is formed;

an opposite substrate 102 which is opposite to said liquid crystal driving element formation substrate;

a liquid crystal 103 sandwiched between said liquid crystal driving element formation substrate and said opposite substrate;

a color filter 113 provided on the driving element formation substrate; and a light scattering mechanism 125 provided at the top surface of the opposite substrate, wherein said opposite substrate has a transparent insulation substrate 121.

Applicant's Prior Art Fig. 2 discloses a reflection-type color liquid crystal display apparatus that is basically the same as that recited in claims 12-14 except that the light scattering mechanism is not provided at the liquid crystal side surface of the opposite substrate. As shown in Fig. 4, Mizobata discloses a reflection-type color liquid crystal display apparatus having a light scattering mechanism which is provided at the liquid crystal side surface of an opposite substrate and comprises an uneven portion formed at the surface of the liquid crystal side of a transparent insulation substrate 2 of the opposite substrate and a flattened film 11 (polyimide planarizing film) formed to cover



Art Unit: 2871

the uneven portion formed at the surface of the transparent insulation substrate. With respect to claims 15 and 18, the light scattering mechanism comprises an uneven insulation film 11 and a flattened film 9 formed to cover the uneven insulation film.

Thus, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the reflection-type color liquid crystal display apparatus of Applicant's Prior Art with the teaching of Mizobata by forming a light scattering mechanism comprising an uneven portion and a flattened film at the liquid crystal side surface of the opposite substrate so as to obtain a high image quality and a high brightness with neither a fuzziness of displayed characters nor a double image.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 16, 17 and 19 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance:

In addition to other elements as shown, none of the prior art of record suggests or discloses alone or in combination that a light scattering mechanism comprises an uneven insulation film formed on the surface of the liquid crystal side of a transparent insulation substrate; a scattering auxiliary film formed on the uneven insulation film and having a refractive index different from that of the uneven insulation, and said refractive index of the uneven insulation film is larger than that of the scattering auxiliary film; and a flattened and scattering auxiliary film to cover the uneven insulation film.

Application/Control Number: 09/690,330

Art Unit: 2871

Page 5

The most revelant references, USPN 5,724,111 of Mizobata et al. and Applicant's Prior Art Fig. 2, fail to disclose or suggest that light scattering mechanism. The Mizobata's reference only discloses a light scattering mechanism comprising an uneven insulation film formed on the surface of the liquid crystal side of a transparent insulation substrate and a flattened film, which is not a flattened and scattered auxiliary film, formed to cover the uneven insulation film. Meanwhile, Applicant's Prior Art only discloses a reflection-type color LCD apparatus comprising a light scattering mechanism formed at the top surface of an opposite substrate.

Any comments considered necessary by applicant must be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee and, to avoid processing delays, should preferably accompany the issue fee. Such submissions should be clearly labeled "Comments on Statement of Reasons for Allowance."

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Thoi V. Duong whose telephone number is (703) 308-3171. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 8:00 am to 4:30 pm.

Thoi Duong 4

09/03/2002

Villem L Sikes
William L. Sikes

Supervisory Patent Examiner Technology Center 2800